BEFORE THE COMMISSIONER OF POLITICAL PRACTICES OF THE STATE OF MONTANA

Scholl v. Conservatives United for Richland County

No. COPP 2020-CFP-012

FINDING OF SUFFICIENT FACTS TO SUPPORT A CAMPAIGN FINANCE VIOLATION

On May 13, 2020, Katherine Scholl of Florence, MT filed a campaign practices complaint against Conservatives United for Richland County, a registered Independent political committee. The complaint alleged that Conservatives United for Richland County failed to file a required C-6 committee finance report.

SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES ADDRESSED

The proper and timely reporting of a committee finance report.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The foundational facts necessary for this Decision are as follows:

<u>Finding of Fact No. 1</u>: Conservatives United for Richland County filed a C-2 Statement of Organization as an Independent Political Committee with the COPP on March 9, 2020. Mandy Hall was named as the committee's Treasurer. (Commissioner's Records.)

Finding of Fact No. 2: As a registered Independent committee, Conservatives United for Richland County had C-6 committee finance reports due one or before March 30, 2020 (covering all activity from March 9, 2020 through March 25, 2020) and April 30, 2020 (March 26 through April 25). (Commissioner's Records.)

<u>Finding of Fact No. 3</u>: Conservatives United for Richland County did not file a C-6 committee finance report for the period of March 9, 2020 through March 25, 2020 on or before March 30, 2020. (Commissioner's Records.)

Finding of Fact No. 4: Conservatives United for Richland County did not file a C-6 committee finance report for the period of March 26, 2020 through April 25, 2020 on or before April 30, 2020. (Commissioner's Records.)

<u>Finding of Fact No. 5</u>: On May 15, 2020 Conservatives United for Richland County filed a C-6 committee finance report dated March 9, 2020 through April 30, 2020. (Commissioner's Records.)

DISCUSSION

This complaint alleges that Conservatives United for Richland County failed to file its required C-6 committee finance report.

Reporting timelines for Montana political committees are found in Mont.

Code Ann. §13-37-226(2). Subsections (2)(a) and 2(b) specifically state that:

Except as provided in 13-37-206, 13-37-225(3), and 13-37-227, a political committee shall file reports required by 13-35-225(1)(a) containing the information required by 13-37-229, 13-37-231, and 13-37-232 as follows:

- (a) quarterly, due on the 5th day following a calendar quarter, beginning with the calendar quarter in which the political committee receives a contribution or makes an expenditure after an individual becomes a candidate or an issue becomes a ballot issue, as defined in 13-1-101(6)(b), and ending in the final quarter of the year preceding the year in which the candidate or the ballot issue appears on the ballot;
- (b) the 30th day of March, April, May, June, August, September, October, and November in the year of an election in which the political committee participates

The Commissioner's office routinely provides all candidates who file with COPP a reporting calendar which includes reporting periods and timelines,

notice committee reporting dates was posted on the COPP's website and social media accounts (Facebook and Twitter) and provide directly to any committee who requests additional information or guidance. Additional reminder emails are sent by COPP staff to all active committees in the days leading up to the January 5, March 30, and April 30 reporting dates to assist with compliance of Mont. Code Ann. §13-37-226.

Conservatives United filed as an Independent political committee with the COPP on March 9, 2020 (FOF No. 1). The committee's initial financial report was due on or before March 30, 2020. At the time of the complaint, the committee also had a committee finance report due on April 30, 2020.

Conservatives United for Richland County did not file a financial report on or before March 30 or April 30, 2020 (FOF Nos. 3, 4). Upon contact by the COPP, the committee filed a committee finance report covering the dates of March 9, 2020 through April 30, 2020 (FOF No. 5).

The financial report filed by Conservatives United for Richland county includes two separate reporting periods; the committee should have filed one C-6 committee finance report on March 30, detailing contribution/expenditure activity that occurred between March 9 and March 25, then another on April 30 covering March 26 through April 25. Because Conservatives United for Richland County filed one report covering two reporting periods, the due dates of March 30 and April 30 must both be considered when determining the timeliness of filing. A May 15 filing date for the report due on March 30 would be considered

forty-six days late. Similarly, a May 15 filing date of the report due on April 30 would be considered fifteen days late, violations of Mont. Code Ann. §13-37-226(2)(b), MCA.

Sufficiency Finding No. 1: Conservatives United for Richland County failed to timely file its C-6 committee finance reports due March 30, 2020 and April 30, 2020.

The Commissioner finds Conservatives United for Richland County failed to timely file two campaign finance reports as required, a violation of Montana campaign finance law.

DECISION

The Commissioner has limited discretion when making the determination as to an unlawful campaign practice. First, the Commissioner "shall investigate" any alleged violation of campaign practices law. Mont. Code Ann. § 13-37-111(2)(a). The mandate to investigate is followed by a mandate to take action; where there is "sufficient evidence" of a violation the Commissioner must ("shall notify," see id., at § 13-37-124) initiate consideration for prosecution.

Second, having been charged to make a decision, the Commissioner must follow substantive law applicable to a particular campaign practice decision. This Commissioner, having been charged to investigate and decide, hereby determines that there is sufficient evidence to show that Conservatives United for Richland County violated Montana's campaign practice laws, including, but not limited to the laws set out in the Decision. Having determined that sufficient evidence of a campaign practice violation exists, the

next step is to determine whether there are circumstances or explanations that may affect prosecution of the violation and/or the amount of the fine.

The failure to fully and timely report and disclose cannot generally be excused by oversight or ignorance. Excusable neglect cannot be applied to oversight or ignorance of the law as it relates to failures to file and report. See Matters of Vincent, Nos. COPP-2013-CFP-006, 009 (discussing excusable neglect principles). Likewise, the Commissioner does not normally accept that failures to file or report be excused as de minimis. Id. (discussing de minimis principles).

Because there is a finding of violation and a determination that *de minimis* and excusable neglect theories are not applicable to the above Sufficiency Findings, a civil fine is justified. Mont. Code Ann. § 13-37-124. The Commissioner hereby issues a "sufficient evidence" Finding and Decision justifying a civil fine or civil prosecution of Conservatives United for Richland County. Because of the nature of the violation this matter is referred to the County Attorney of Lewis and Clark County for his consideration as to prosecution. *Id.*, at (1). Should the County Attorney waive the right to prosecute (*id.*, at (2)) or fail to prosecute within 30 days (*id.*, at (1)) this Matter returns to this Commissioner for possible prosecution.

Most of the Matters decided by a Commissioner and referred to the County Attorney are waived back to the Commissioner for his further consideration. Assuming that the Matter is waived back, this Finding and Decision does not necessarily lead to civil prosecution as the Commissioner

has discretion ("may then initiate" see id.) in regard to a legal action. Instead, most of the Matters decided by a Commissioner are resolved by payment of a negotiated fine. In setting that fine the Commissioner will consider matters affecting mitigation, including the cooperation in correcting the issue when the matter was raised in the Complaint.

While it is expected that a fine amount can be negotiated and paid, in the event that a fine is not negotiated and the Matter resolved, the Commissioner retains statutory authority to bring a complaint in district court against any person who intentionally or negligently violates any requirement of campaign practice law, including those of Mont. Code Ann. § 13-37-226. See id., at § 13-37-128. Full due process is provided to the alleged violator because the district court will consider the matter de novo.

DATED this 10 day of May 2020.

Jeffrey A. Mangan

Commissioner of Political Practices

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